

Government Departments/Crown Entities
Client Update, March 2018

AUDIT NEW ZEALAND

Mana Arotake Aotearoa

Agenda



- Standards update
 - o What's new for 30 June 2018
 - o Some future changes of interest
 - o What's in the pipeline



New or amended PBE standards for 30 June 2018



- No new PBE standards come into effect for 30 June 2018
- A number of standards have been amended e.g:

Amended	Effective date	Description of change
PBE IPSAS 12	1 Jan 2017	Replaces the term "ammunition" with "military inventories" and includes a description of military inventories.
PBE IPSAS 17	1 Jan 2017	Replaces the term "specialist military equipment" with "weapon systems" and includes a description of weapons systems. Clarifies some missiles may be PPE.
PBE IPSAS 32	1 Jan 2017	Clarifies that service concession assets should be grouped with similar assets as a class of assets for the purpose of subsequent measurements, consistently with PBE IPSAS 17.
PBE IAS 12/ PBE IFRS 5	1 Jan 2017	Clarifies the accounting for deferred tax assets for unrealised losses on debt instruments measured at fair value. Clarifies disclosure of income tax expense.

New or amended PBE standards for 30 June 2019



Amended	Effective date	Description of change
PBE IPSAS 17	1 Jan 2018	Changes the scope of PBE IPSAS 17 to include biological assets that meet the definition of bearer plants (e.g., fruit trees).
PBE IPSAS 1	1 Jan 2018	The standard has been amended to refer to "general purpose prospective financial statements" instead.

Proposed early adoption effective for 30 June 2019			
PBE IFRS 9	1 Jan 2021 FSG propose to adopt 1 July 2018	Early adoption by the Crown: will apply to the Financial Statements of the Government (FSG) for 2018/19. Changes to classification, measurement, impairment, and hedge accounting requirements.	

New or amended for-profit standards for 30 June 2018



- No new FP standards come into effect for 30 June 2018
- A number of standards have been amended e.g.

Amended	Effective date	Description of change
NZ IAS 7 (not applicable to PBEs)	1 Jan 2017	Requires disclosures that enable users to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes. For example, an opening to closing reconciliation.

	20X1	Cash flows	Non-cash changes		20X2	
_			Acquisition	Foreign exchange movement	Fair value changes	
Long-term borrowings	22,000	(1,000)	_	_	_	21,000
Short-term borrowings	10,000	(500)	_	200	_	9,700
Lease liabilities	4,000	(800)	300	_	_	3,500
Assets held to hedge long- term borrowings	(675)	150			(25)	(550)
Total liabilities from financing activities	35,325	(2,150)	300	200	(25)	33,650

Model financial statements



- Model financial statements
 - No amendments effective for 18J require adjustment to GD and CE Model Financial Statements. 30 June 2017 version remains applicable.
 - Will issue a revised DHB model for 30 June 2018 to reflect the changes already applied to GD and CE Model Financial Statements.
 - Will be issuing a revised Tier 3 model for 30 June 2018

Future – Accounting for groups



	For Profits	PBEs
PBE IPSAS 34 - Separate Financial Statements;	IFRS 10,11,12, IAS 27,28 already effective	Periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019 (30 June 2020)
PBE IPSAS 35 - Consolidated Financial		(replaces PBE IPSAS 6,7,8)
Statements;		Requires broader and more
PBE IPSAS 36 - Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures;		comprehensive disclosures.
PBE IPSAS 37 - Joint Arrangements;		
PBE IPSAS 38 - Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities.		

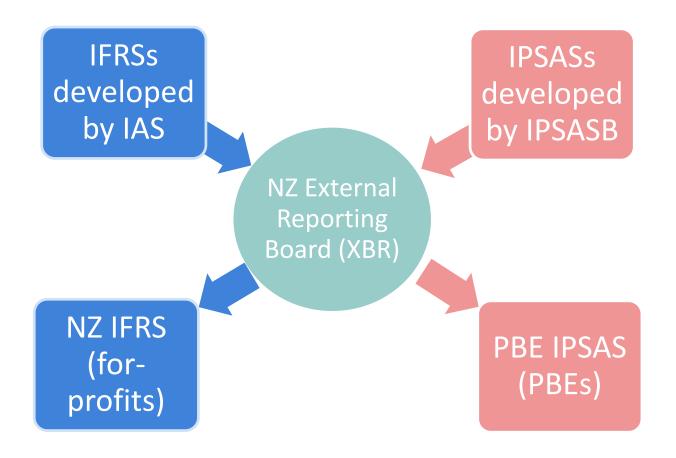
Future – Service performance



- PBE FRS 48 Service Performance Applies to reporting periods starting on or after 1 January 2021 (30 June 2022)
- Will replace the SSP requirements of PBE IPSAS 1
- Applies to Tier 1 and 2 public sector PBEs required by law to present performance information in accordance with GAAP and all Tier 1 and 2 not-for-profit PBEs.
- We expect the public sector is well placed to comply
- Additional disclosures may be necessary:
 - Comparative information now mandatory
 - Disclosure of significant judgements in reporting performance information

Context of standard setting





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	For Profits	PBEs
NZ IFRS 9 Financial instruments/ PBE IFRS 9	Periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018 (30 June 2019)	Periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021 (30 June 2022) Early adoption? FSG 2019
NZ IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers	Periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018 (30 June 2019)	IPSAS project on revenue and non-exchange expenditure in progress
NZ IFRS 16 Leases	Periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019 (30 June 2020)	IPSAS Leases project in progress

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments



- PBE IFRS 9 is a FI standard for PBEs, based on NZ IFRS 9
- The mandatory effective date from 31 December 2021 yearends provides PBEs with flexibility to early adopt to minimise mixed group issues
- New:
 - o Classification requirements for financial assets
 - Impairment model
 - Hedge accounting requirements

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments - FSG



- Treasury advice as per Treasury Circular 2017/09:
 - Early adoption by the Crown: will apply to the Financial
 Statements of the Government (FSG) for 2018/19
 - Assessing changes in disclosures and understanding how this will impact the CFISnet Data Load and other Crown reporting templates.
 - Guidance for entities with routine trade receivables and term deposits:

http://www.treasury.govt.nz/publications/guidance/reporting/accounting

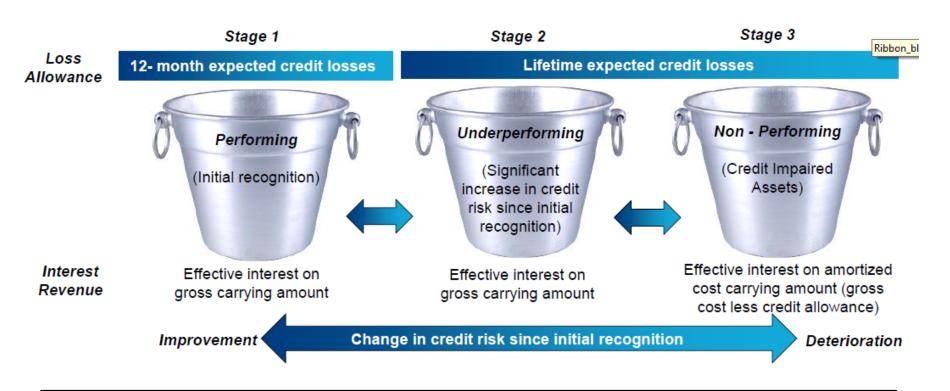
IFRS 9 Financial Instruments – Key messages



- Determine what is in scope of standard
- Need to carefully consider the business model for holding bond investments as this affects how instrument is measured
- For share investments not held for trading, need to designate at fair value through OCI if you don't want to measure at fair value through profit/loss
- Whether concessionary loans pass the SPPI test will need careful consideration
- Expected credit loss model for loan portfolios may be complex
- Need to decide whether to restate comparatives
- Entities may need to seek external accounting advice on complex issues

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments - Impairment





Instruments that are credit impaired at initial recognition always remain in stage 3

Revenue and non-exchange expenses

- For-profits must apply a new revenue standard, NZ IFRS 15, from
 31 December 2018 year ends
- No IFRS 15 PBE equivalent under development in NZ, but...
 - o In 2017 IPSASB issued a consultation paper on:
 - Revenue accounting by PBEs
 - Accounting for non-exchange expenses, for example, grants
- Submissions closed on 22 November 2017 and a number of PBEs in NZ provided a submission on the CP.
- IPSASB is considering the CP responses and next steps. A finalised standard is expected to be several years away.

NZ IFRS 16 – Leases



- For-profits must apply a new lease standard, NZ IFRS 16, from 31 December 2019 year ends
- NZ IFRS 16 requires lessees to recognise most leases on the balance sheet
 - Lease liability on the balance sheet, with associated "right to use" asset
 - Lessor accounting largely unchanged from NZ IAS 17 Leases
- No NZ IFRS 16 PBE equivalent under development in NZ, but...

IPSASB Leases Project Update



- Status of IPSASB work:
 - They have a leases project.
 - Release of exposure draft (ED 64) January 2018.
 - o Possible release of standard mid-2019.
- Timing issues between application of NZ IFRS 16 and an IPSAS standard:
 - Risk for PBE mixed group consolidations in having to reverse FP lessee accounting balances.

IPSASB Leases Project Update



- Lessee accounting: same approach as IFRS 16
- Lessor accounting
 - o Book a receivable and deferred revenue liability
 - Spread deferred liability over the lease term
 - Recognise underlying asset in entirety as per normal
- Includes guidance on concessionary leases.
- If you have significant leases as lessor or concessionary leases,
 we encourage entities to read the ED and submit to XRB/IPSASB
 - o Comments to XRB by 31 May 2018
 - o Comments to IPSASB by 30 June 2018

ED on Social Benefits

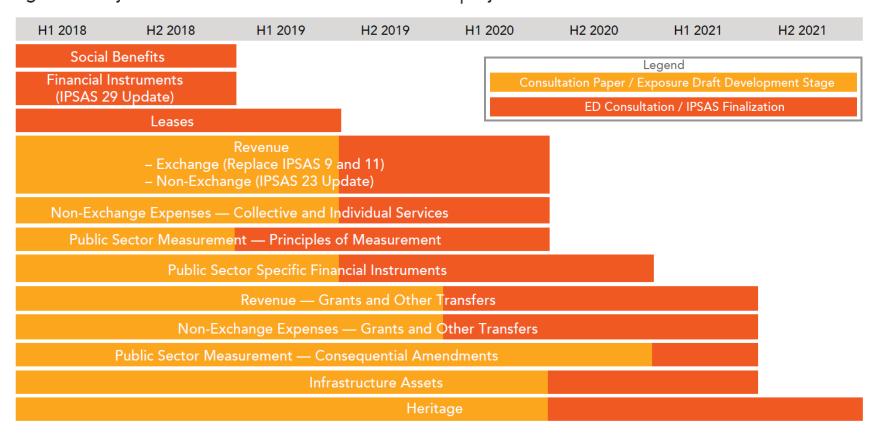


- IPSASB Exposure Draft addressing the accounting for benefits such as Government super, unemployment benefits, and benefit schemes funded from contributions (e.g. ACC)
- Controversial area of accounting
- Proposals are broadly consistent with current accounting
- An insurance approach option is proposed for schemes intended to be fully funded from contributions, subject to satisfaction of criteria
 - Insurance accounting proposed to follow IFRS 17
 Insurance Contracts

IPSASB Work Plan



Figure 1: Projected timelines for the IPSASB's current projects



Questions?

